



ADMINISTRATIVE RULES OF MONTANA



12.9.1001 DEFINITIONS

- (1) "Confirmed sylvatic plague" means the presence of plague-positive fleas, prairie dogs or other mammals has been documented.
- (2) "Historically occupied range" means the area encompassed by the outer limits of the historic distribution of a species. The historic range of the black-tailed prairie dogs is depicted on page 12 of the "Conservation Plan for Black-tailed and White-Tailed Prairie Dogs in Montana" published in 2002. This document is posted on the department web page <http://fwp.mt.gov>.
- (3) "Presumed sylvatic plague" means that visual observation indicates evidence of numerical declines in prairie dog numbers in the absence of poisoning or other known sources of prairie dog mortality.
- (4) "Receiving area" means the site to which prairie dogs are relocated.
- (5) "Sending area" means the site where prairie dogs are currently located and from which prairie dogs may be removed for relocation to another site.
- (6) "Translocation" means removing prairie dogs from one location to a new location with the intent to permanently establish them at the new location.

Authorizing statute(s): 87-1-301, 87-5-105, MCA

Implementing statute(s): 87-1-301, 87-5-105, MCA

History: NEW, 2004 MAR p. 1756, Eff. 8/6/04.